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**UTILITY
PATENT APPLICATION
TRANSMITTAL**

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 C.F.R. § 1.53(b))

Attorney Docket No.

First Inventor or Application Identifier	Eric Schneider
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<i>Title</i>	Method, product, and apparatus for resource notification
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Express Mail Label No. EK952317751US

APPLICATION ELEMENTS

See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents.

ADDRESS TO:

Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Box Patent Application
Washington, DC 20231

1. ☒ * Fee Transmittal Form (e.g., PTO/SB/17)
(Submit an original and a duplicate for fee processing)
2. ☒ Specification [Total Pages 28]
(preferred arrangement set forth below)
- Descriptive title of the Invention
 - Cross References to Related Applications
 - Statement Regarding Fed sponsored R & D
 - Reference to Microfiche Appendix
 - Background of the Invention
 - Brief Summary of the Invention
 - Brief Description of the Drawings (if filed)
 - Detailed Description
 - Claim(s)
 - Abstract of the Disclosure
3. ☒ Drawing(s) (35 U.S.C. 113) [Total Sheets 10]
4. Oath or Declaration [Total Pages 2]
- a. ☒ Newly executed (original or copy)
 - b. ☐ Copy from a prior application (37 C.F.R. § 1.101)
(for continuation/divisional with Box 16 completed)
 - i. ☐ DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)
Signed statement attached deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application
see 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(f)

5. ☐ Microfiche Computer Program (*Appendix*)
6. Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission
(*if applicable, all necessary*)
 - a. ☐ Computer Readable Copy
 - b. ☐ Paper Copy (identical to computer copy)
 - c. ☐ Statement verifying identity of above copies

ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS

7. ☐ Assignment Papers (cover sheet and document(s))
8. ☐ 37 C.F.R. §3.73(b) Statement ☐ Power of Attorney
(when there is an assignee)
9. ☐ English Translation Document (if applicable)
10. ☐ Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449 ☐ Copies of IDS Citations
11. ☐ Preliminary Amendment
12. ☒ Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503)
(Should be specifically itemized)
13. ☒ * Small Entity Statement(s) ☐ Statement filed in prior application, Status still proper and desired
(PTO/SB/09-12)
14. ☐ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)
(if foreign priority is claimed)
15. ☒ Other: Express Mail Certificate
Under 37 CFR 1.10

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16. If a CONTINUING APPLICATION, check appropriate box, and supply the requisite information below and in a preliminary amendment:
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| <input type="checkbox"/> Continuation | <input type="checkbox"/> Divisional | <input type="checkbox"/> Continuation-in-part (CIP) | of prior application No: <u> J </u> |
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Prior application information: Examiner _____ Group / Art Unit: _____
For CONTINUATION or DIVISIONAL APPS only: The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which an oath or declaration is supplied under Box 4b, is considered a part of the disclosure of the accompanying continuation or divisional application and is hereby incorporated by reference. The incorporation can only be relied upon when a portion has been inadvertently omitted from the submitted application parts.

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Name (Print/Type)

Eric Schneider

Registration No. (Attorney/Agent)

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Dat.

9/15/2000

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FEE TRANSMITTAL

Patent fees are subject to annual revision on October 1.

These are the fees effective November 10, 1998.

Small Entity payments must be supported by a small entity statement, otherwise large entity fees must be paid. See Forms PTO/SB/09-12.

See 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.27 and 1.28.

TOTAL AMOUNT OF PAYMENT (\$) 345.00**Complete if Known**

Application Number	
Filing Date	9/15/2000
First Named Inventor	Eric Schneider
Examiner Name	
Group / Art Unit	
Attorney Docket No.	

METHOD OF PAYMENT (check one)

- 1.
- ☐
- The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge indicated fees and credit any over payments to:

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37 C.F.R. § 1.18 at the Mailing
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Large Entity Fee Code	Small Entity Fee Code	Fee (\$)	Fee (\$)	Fee Description	Fee Paid
101	690	201	345	Utility filing fee	345
106	310	206	155	Design filing fee	
107	480	207	240	Plant filing fee	
108	690	208	345	Reissue filing fee	
114	150	214	75	Provisional filing fee	

SUBTOTAL (1) (\$) 345.00**2. EXTRA CLAIM FEES**

	Extra Claims	Fee from below	Fee Paid
Total Claims	20**		
Independent Claims	3**		
Multiple Dependent			

**or number previously paid, if greater; For Reissues, see below

Large Entity Fee Code	Small Entity Fee Code	Fee (\$)	Fee (\$)	Fee Description
103	18	203	9	Claims in excess of 20
102	78	202	39	Independent claims in excess of 3
104	260	204	130	Multiple dependent claim, if not paid
109	78	209	39	** Reissue independent claims over original patent
110	18	210	9	** Reissue claims in excess of 20 and over original patent

SUBTOTAL (2) (\$)**FEE CALCULATION (continued)****3. ADDITIONAL FEES**

Large Entity Fee Code	Small Entity Fee Code	Fee (\$)	Fee (\$)	Fee Description	Fee Paid
105	130	205	65	Surcharge - late filing fee or oath	
127	50	227	25	Surcharge - late provisional filing fee or cover sheet.	
139	130	139	130	Non-English specification	
147	2,520	147	2,520	For filing a request for reexamination	
112	920*	112	920*	Requesting publication of SIR prior to Examiner action	
113	1,840*	113	1,840*	Requesting publication of SIR after Examiner action	
115	110	215	55	Extension for reply within first month	
116	380	216	190	Extension for reply within second month	
117	870	217	435	Extension for reply within third month	
118	1,360	218	680	Extension for reply within fourth month	
128	1,850	228	925	Extension for reply within fifth month	
119	300	219	150	Notice of Appeal	
120	300	220	150	Filing a brief in support of an appeal	
121	260	221	130	Request for oral hearing	
138	1,510	138	1,510	Petition to institute a public use proceeding	
140	110	240	55	Petition to revive - unavoidable	
141	1,210	241	605	Petition to revive - unintentional	
142	1,210	242	605	Utility issue fee (or reissue)	
143	430	243	215	Design issue fee	
144	580	244	290	Plant issue fee	
122	130	122	130	Petitions to the Commissioner	
123	50	123	50	Petitions related to provisional applications	
126	240	126	240	Submission of Information Disclosure Stmt	
581	40	581	40	Recording each patent assignment per property (times number of properties)	
146	760	246	380	Filing a submission after final rejection (37 CFR 1.129(a))	
149	760	249	380	For each additional invention to be examined (37 CFR 1.129(b))	

Other fee (specify) _____

Other fee (specify) _____

* Reduced by Basic Filing Fee Paid

SUBTOTAL (3) (\$)**SUBMITTED BY**Typed or
Printed Name Eric Schneider

Signature

Date

9/15/2000

Complete (if applicable)

Reg. Number

Deposit Account
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**STATEMENT CLAIMING SMALL ENTITY STATUS
(37 CFR 1.9(f) & 1.27(b))--INDEPENDENT INVENTOR**

Docket Number (Optional)

Applicant, Patentee, or Identifier: Eric Schneider

Application or Patent No.: filed herewith

Filed or Issued: _____

Title: METHOD, PRODUCT, AND APPARATUS FOR RESOURCE NOTIFICATION

As a below named inventor, I hereby state that I qualify as an independent inventor as defined in 37 CFR 1.9(c) for purposes of paying reduced fees to the Patent and Trademark Office described in:

☒ the specification filed herewith with title as listed above.

☐ the application identified above.

☐ the patent identified above.

I have not assigned, granted, conveyed, or licensed, and am under no obligation under contract or law to assign, grant, convey, or license, any rights in the invention to any person who would not qualify as an independent inventor under 37 CFR 1.9(c) if that person had made the invention, or to any concern which would not qualify as a small business concern under 37 CFR 1.9(d) or a nonprofit organization under 37 CFR 1.9(e).

Each person, concern, or organization to which I have assigned, granted, conveyed, or licensed or am under an obligation under contract or law to assign, grant, convey, or license any rights in the invention is listed below:

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Separate statements are required from each named person, concern, or organization having rights to the invention stating their status as small entities. (37 CFR 1.27)

I acknowledge the duty to file, in this application or patent, notification of any change in status resulting in loss of entitlement to small entity status prior to paying, or at the time of paying, the earliest of the issue fee or any maintenance fee due after the date on which status as a small entity is no longer appropriate. (37 CFR 1.28(b))

Eric Schneider
NAME OF INVENTOR

[Signature]
Signature of inventor

9/15/2000
Date

NAME OF INVENTOR

Signature of inventor

Date

NAME OF INVENTOR

Signature of inventor

Date

In re application of method, product, and apparatus for resource
notification

Schneider

CERTIFICATE OF EXPRESS MAILING

Express Mailing Number: EK952317751US

Date of Deposit: September 15, 2000

I hereby certify that the Application for Letters Patent of
Eric Schneider for the invention entitled, "Method, product, and
apparatus for resource notification", together with the
appropriate filing fee is being deposited with the U.S. Postal
Service for Express Mail service under 37 CFR 1.10 on the date
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Box Patent Application

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office

Washington, D.C. 20231

Sincerely,



Eric Schneider

005760-4606990

METHOD, PRODUCT, AND APPARATUS FOR RESOURCE NOTIFICATION

Other Applications

This application claims the benefit of the following patent applications, which are hereby incorporated by reference:

1. U.S. Patent Application Ser. No. 09/440,606 filed November 15, 1999, by Schneider, entitled "Method and apparatus for information delivery", which claims the benefit of U.S. Patent 5,987,464 filed July 25, 1997, by Schneider entitled "Method and apparatus for periodically updating data records having an expiry time."
2. U.S. Provisional Application Ser. No. 60/154,411 filed September 17, 1999, by Schneider entitled "Method and apparatus for the notification of new resources", which claims the benefit of U.S. Patent 5,987,464 filed July 25, 1997, by Schneider entitled "Method and apparatus for periodically updating data records having an expiry time."

Field of the Invention

This invention generally relates to notification systems, and more specifically relates to a method, product, and apparatus for resource notification.

Background of the Invention

The Internet is a vast computer network consisting of many smaller networks that span the entire world. A network provides a distributed communicating system of computers that are interconnected by various electronic communication links and computer software protocols. Because of the Internet's distributed and open network architecture, it is possible to transfer data from one computer to any

other computer worldwide. In 1991, the World-Wide-Web (WWW or Web) revolutionized the way information is managed and distributed.

The Web is based on the concept of hypertext and a transfer method known as Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP) which is designed to run primarily over a Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) connection that employs a standard Internet setup. A server computer may issue the data and a client computer displays or processes it. TCP may then convert messages into streams of packets at the source, then reassemble them back into messages at the destination. Internet Protocol (IP) handles addressing, seeing to it that packets are routed across multiple nodes and even across multiple networks with multiple standards. HTTP protocol permits client systems connected to the Internet to access independent and geographically scattered server systems also connected to the Internet.

Client side browsers, such as Netscape Navigator and/or Microsoft Internet Explorer (MSIE) provide graphical user interface (GUI) based client applications that implement the client side portion of the HTTP protocol. One format for information transfer is to create documents using Hypertext Markup Language (HTML). HTML pages are made up of standard text as well as formatting codes that indicate how the page should be displayed. The client side browser reads these codes in order to display the page. A web page may be static and requires no variables to display information or link to other predetermined web pages. A web page is dynamic when arguments are passed which are either hidden in the web page or entered from a client browser to supply the necessary inputs displayed on the web page. Common Gateway Interface (CGI) is a standard for running external programs from a web server. CGI specifies how to pass arguments to the executing program as part of the HTTP server request. Commonly, a CGI script may take the name and value arguments from an input form of a first web page which is be used as a query to access a database server and generate an HTML web page with customized data results as output that is

passed back to the client browser for display.

The Web is a means of accessing information on the Internet that allows a user to "surf the web" and navigate the Internet resources intuitively, without technical
5 knowledge. The Web dispenses with command-line utilities, which typically require a user to transmit sets of commands to communicate with an Internet server. Instead, the Web is made up of millions of interconnected web pages, or documents, which may be displayed. Hosts running special servers provide the Web pages. Software that runs these Web servers is relatively simple and is
10 available on a wide range of computer platforms including PC's. Equally available is a form of client software, known as a Web browser, which is used to display Web pages as well as traditional non-Web files on the client system.

A network resource identifier such as a Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) is a
15 compact string of characters for identifying an abstract or physical resource. URIs are the generic set of all names and addresses that refer to objects on the Internet. URIs that refer to objects accessed with existing protocols are known as Uniform Resource Locators (URLs). A URL is the address of a file accessible on the Internet. The URL contains the name of the protocol required to access
20 the resource, a domain name, or IP address that identifies a specific computer on the Internet, and a hierarchical description of a file location on the computer. For example the URL "http://www.example.com/index.html", where "http" is the scheme or protocol, "www.example.com" is the Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN), and "index.html" is the filename located on the server.

25 As new information is periodically published on a network such as the Internet, a common method for updating a user, subscriber, or client system of such information is to send notification to the subscriber from the source of the update. However, there are many sources that publish new or updated
30 information only and make no acknowledgment of the newly available information. For instance, it is the responsibility of government to disseminate

public information. However it is not a requirement for government to advertise or market such publications creating opportunity for the private sector to take initiative and add value to public information by repackaging, advertising, marketing, or further distributing such information. As government information is released periodically into the public domain, it is upon the public to periodically check exactly when the new information has been updated.

This applies to any information that is released or updated that puts a burden on those interested in such new information, particularly to such information made newly available over a network. A user must initiate periodic requests to see if and when a new update is available. An inherent problem with the Internet is that the available information is distributed through a "pull" type infrastructure, where the user who wants to receive information must manually search sites of interest, or use a finder application, to search and download appropriate information. Listed below are improvements to this type of "pull" methodology.

Netscape improved HTML language to extend the use of the META tag to constantly refresh a resource for a given time interval.

```
<META HTTP-EQUIV="Refresh" CONTENT="60;  
URL=http://example.com/news.htm">
```

This META tag instructs the client browser to retrieve a file called "news.htm" from a server called "example.com" every 60 seconds. Though information can be automatically updated, this improvement only applies to the current URL and is known as a "periodic pull" method, which is still not truly a "push" method of information retrieval. Listed below are examples of how a "push" method is used for notification.

U.S. patent 5,790,790 issued on August 4, 1998, by Smith, et al. and assigned to Tumbleweed Software Corporation, which is entitled, "Electronic document delivery system in which notification of said electronic document is sent to a

recipient thereof" is a system that controls the delivery of portable documents from a sender to a large number of recipients, using a network of servers that route the documents and notifications in a store and forward manner, while providing routing and accounting information back to the sender. However, the '790 patent relies on the intent for a provider to notify a subscriber, which does not solve the problem of providers who do not make attempts at notification.

U.S. patent 5,933,604 issued on August 3, 1999, by Inakoshi and assigned to Fujitsu Limited, which is entitled, "Network resource monitoring system and method for providing notice of changes in resources in a network" is a system that periodically accesses a resource such as a home page to detect when the existing resource has been updated and then notifies a user of such a change. However, the '604 patent relies on monitoring existing resources only and does not contemplate the monitoring of resources which do not yet exist or intermittently exist.

The prior art clearly demonstrates the need for a system to notify users of new resources that do not exist as of yet. Accordingly, in light of the above, there is a strong need in the art for a system to notify users when new resources are available on a network regardless of whether the publishing source of such a resource notifies the user.

Summary of the Invention

Briefly, this invention relates to a method and apparatus for notifying users of new resources. The present invention removes the burden of the user from periodically checking when a new resource is published. The invention enables notification to be "pushed" to a subscriber wherein the content of the notification is used to access a given resource. The present invention enables hyperlink generation by extracting the difference from two files wherein such hyperlinks may access a new resource when activated. The invention allows a user to

submit a request to enable reception of periodic updates of new resources indefinitely. The present provides notification of intermittent resources.

In general, in accordance with the present invention a method for notifying when
5 an inaccessible resource corresponding to an identifier becomes accessible
includes the steps of determining a starting time, determining whether a current
time exceeds the starting time, intermittently determining whether the resource
corresponding to the identifier is accessible until a condition is performed in
response to determining that the current time exceeds the starting time, and
10 providing notification including an access means for accessing the resource in
response to determining that the resource corresponding to the identifier is
accessible. The identifier may be a URI and the resource corresponding to the
identifier may not exist or exist intermittently. The determination of the starting
time may further include the step of selecting a time access method from one of
15 a retrieval method, generation method, and input method.

The generation method may further include the step of generating the starting
time from the identifier. The retrieval method may include the step of retrieving
the starting time from user modifiable configuration settings. The determination
20 of whether the resource corresponding to the identifier is accessible may further
include the step of transmitting a resource access request to the resource. The
resource access request may also include a differencing resource method. The
differencing resource method may further include the step of comparing the
difference from one of a plurality of file dates, file sizes, and number of file counts
25 from a directory.

The access means for accessing the resource may further include the step of
selecting the access means from one of a hyperlink access and automatic
access. Hyperlink access may further include the step of selecting the hyperlink
30 from one of a hyperlink determination method, hyperlink retrieval method, and
hyperlink generation method. The hyperlink determination method may further

include the steps of selecting the differencing resource method, generating at least one hyperlink corresponding to the accessible resource from the differencing resource method selection, and providing the notification having the hyperlink. Providing notification may further include the step of selecting a
5 notification method corresponding to a subscriber. The notification method may further include the step of selecting a notification destination from one of a pager, e-mail, web page, television, phone, fax, instant message, and conferencing.

In accordance with yet additional aspects of the present invention, an apparatus
10 which implements substantially the same functionality in substantially the same manner as the methods described above is provided.

In accordance with other additional aspects of the present invention, a computer-readable medium that includes computer-executable instructions may be used to
15 perform substantially the same methods as those described above is provided.

The foregoing and other features of the invention are hereinafter fully described and particularly pointed out in the claims. The following description and the annexed drawings set forth in detail one or more illustrative aspects of the
20 invention, such being indicative, however, of but one or a few of the various ways in which the principles of the invention may be employed.

Brief Description of the Drawings

Fig. 1a is a block diagram of an exemplary distributed computer system in
25 accordance with the present invention.

Fig. 1b is a block diagram illustrating exemplary information records stored in memory in accordance with the present invention.

Fig. 2a is a flowchart illustrating the steps performed for determining and notifying when a new resource is available in accordance with the present invention.

- 5 Fig. 2b is a flowchart illustrating the steps performed for providing specific notification in accordance with the present invention.

- Fig. 3a is a flowchart illustrating the steps performed for determining and notifying when a new resource is available in accordance with another aspect of
10 the present invention.

Fig. 3b is a flowchart illustrating the steps performed for providing specific notification in accordance with another aspect of the present invention.

- 15 Fig. 4 is a flowchart illustrating the steps performed for generating hyperlinks from the difference of two files in accordance with the present invention.

Fig. 5 is a flowchart illustrating the combining of steps illustrated in Fig. 2a and Fig. 4 in accordance with the present invention.

- 20 Fig. 6a is an illustration depicting directory content retrieved in accordance with the present invention.

- Fig. 6b is another illustration depicting directory content retrieved in accordance
25 with the present invention.

Fig. 6c is an illustration depicting the difference between the retrieved content shown in Fig. 6a and Fig. 6b in accordance with the present invention.

- 30 Fig. 6d is an illustration depicting a generated web page of hyperlinks in accordance with the present invention.

Fig. 7a is an illustration depicting the program interface for determining what and how to notify a subscriber in accordance with the present invention.

5 Fig. 7b presents an exemplary table in accordance with the present invention illustrating a data structure that corresponds to data entered from the user interface.

Fig. 8 is a flowchart illustrating the steps performed for automating the
10 notification process for each subscriber request in accordance the present invention.

Fig. 9 is a flowchart illustrating the steps performed for notifying when at least one resource corresponding to an identifier may exist in accordance the present
15 invention.

Detailed Description of the Invention

The present invention will now be described with reference to the drawings, wherein like reference numerals are used to refer to like elements throughout.

20

Turning first to the nomenclature of the specification, the detailed description that follows represents processes and symbolic representations of operations by conventional computer components, including a local processing unit, memory storage devices for the local processing unit, display devices, and input devices.

25

Furthermore, these processes and operations may utilize conventional computer components in a heterogeneous distributed computing environment, including remote file servers, computer servers, and memory storage devices. These distributed computing components may be accessible to the local processing unit by a communication network.

30

The processes and operations performed by the computer include the manipulation of data bits by a local processing unit and/or remote server and the maintenance of these bits within data structures resident in one or more of the local or remote memory storage devices. These data structures impose a
5 physical organization upon the collection of data bits stored within a memory storage device and represent electromagnetic spectrum elements.

A process may generally be defined as being a sequence of computer-executed steps leading to a desired result. These steps generally require physical
10 manipulations of physical quantities. Usually, though not necessarily, these quantities may take the form of electrical, magnetic, or optical signals capable of being stored, transferred, combined, compared, or otherwise manipulated. It is conventional for those skilled in the art to refer to these signals as bits or bytes (when they have binary logic levels), pixel values, words, values, elements,
15 symbols, characters, terms, numbers, points, records, objects, images, files, directories, subdirectories, or the like. It should be kept in mind, however, that these and similar terms should be associated with appropriate physical quantities for computer operations, and that these terms are merely conventional labels applied to physical quantities that exist within and during operation of the
20 computer.

It should also be understood that manipulations within the computer are often referred to in terms such as adding, comparing, moving, positioning, placing, illuminating, removing, altering, etc., which are often associated with manual
25 operations performed by a human operator. The operations described herein are machine operations performed in conjunction with various input provided by a human operator or user that interacts with the computer. The machines used for performing the operation of the present invention include local or remote general-purpose digital computers or other similar computing devices.

30

In addition, it should be understood that the programs, processes, methods, etc. described herein are not related or limited to any particular computer or apparatus nor are they related or limited to any particular communication network architecture. Rather, various types of general-purpose machines may be used with program modules constructed in accordance with the teachings described herein. Similarly, it may prove advantageous to construct a specialized apparatus to perform the method steps described herein by way of dedicated computer systems in a specific network architecture with hard-wired logic or programs stored in nonvolatile memory, such as read only memory.

Fig. 1a illustrates an exemplary system for providing a distributed computer system 100 in accordance with one aspect of the present invention and includes client computers or any network access apparatus 110 connected to server computers 120 via a network 130. The network 130 may use Internet communications protocols (IP) to allow clients 110 to communicate with servers 120. The communication device of a network access apparatus 110 may include a transceiver, a modem, a network interface card, or other interface devices to communicate with the electronic network 130. The network access apparatus 110 may be operatively coupled to and/or include a Global Positioning System (GPS). The modem may communicate with the electronic network 130 via a line 116 such as a telephone line, an ISDN line, a coaxial line, a cable television line, a fiber optic line, or a computer network line. Alternatively, the modem may wirelessly communicate with the electronic network 130. The electronic network 130 may provide an on-line service, an Internet service provider, a local area network service, a wide area network service, a cable television service, a wireless data service, an intranet, a satellite service, or the like.

The client computers 110 may be any network access apparatus including hand held devices, palmtop computers, personal digital assistants (PDAs), notebook, laptop, portable computers, desktop PCs, workstations, and/or larger/smaller computer systems. It is noted that the network access apparatus 110 may have

a variety of forms, including but not limited to, a general purpose computer, a network computer, an internet television, a set top box, a web-enabled telephone, an internet appliance, a portable wireless device, a game player, a video recorder, and/or an audio component, for example.

5

Each client 110 typically includes one or more processors 166, memories 168, and input/output devices 170. An input device may be any suitable device for the user to give input to client computer system 110, for example: a keyboard, a 10-key pad, a telephone key pad, a light pen or any pen pointing device, a
10 touchscreen, a button, a dial, a joystick, a steering wheel, a foot pedal, a mouse, a trackball, an optical or magnetic recognition unit such as a bar code or magnetic swipe reader, a voice or speech recognition unit, a remote control attached via cable or wireless link to a game set, television, and/or cable box. A data glove, an eye-tracking device, or any MIDI device may also be used. A
15 display device may be any suitable output device, such as a display screen, text-to-speech converter, printer, plotter, fax, television set, or audio player. Although the input device is typically separate from the display device, they may be combined; for example: a display with an integrated touchscreen, a display with an integrated keyboard, or a speech-recognition unit combined with a text-to-
20 speech converter.

20

The servers 120 may be similarly configured. However, in many instances server sites 120 include many computers, perhaps connected by a separate private network. In fact, the network 130 may include hundreds of thousands of
25 individual networks of computers. Although client computers 110 are shown separate from the server computers 120, it is understood that a single computer might perform the client and server roles. Those skilled in the art will appreciate that the computer environment 100 shown in Fig. 1a is intended to be merely illustrative. The present invention may also be practiced in other computing
30 environments. For example, the present invention may be practiced in multiple processor environments wherein the client computer includes multiple

30

processors. Moreover, the client computer need not include all of the input/output devices as discussed above and may also include additional devices. Those skilled in the art will appreciate that the present invention may also be practiced via Intranets and more generally in distributed environments in which a client computer requests resources from a server computer.

During operation of the distributed system 100, users of the clients 110 may desire to access information records 122 stored by the servers 120 while utilizing, for example, the Web. Furthermore, such server systems 120 may also include one or more search engines having one or more databases 124. The records of information 122 may be in the form of Web pages 150. The pages 150 may be data records including as content plain textual information, or more complex digitally encoded multimedia content, such as software programs, graphics, audio signals, videos, and so forth. It should be understood that although this description focuses on locating information on the World-Wide-Web, the system may also be used for locating information via other wide or local area networks (WANs and LANs), or information stored in a single computer using other communications protocols.

The clients 110 may execute Web browser programs 112, such as Netscape Navigator or MSIE to locate the pages or records 150. The browser programs 112 enable users to enter addresses of specific Web pages 150 to be retrieved. Typically, the address of a Web page is specified as a URI or more specifically as a URL. In addition, when a page has been retrieved, the browser programs 112 may provide access to other pages or records by "clicking" on hyperlinks (or links) to previously retrieved Web pages. Such links may provide an automated way to enter the URL of another page, and to retrieve that page.

Fig. 1b illustrates a block diagram of a storage device such as memory 168 in operative association with a processor 166. The processor 166 is operatively coupled to input/output devices 170 in a client 110 and/or server 120 computing

system. Stored in memory 168 may be information records 122 having any combination of exemplary content such as lists, files, and databases. Such records may include for example: user modifiable configuration settings 174, identifier generator 176, time access method 178, differencing resource method
5 180, notification destination and method 182, distributed resource status cache 184, scheduling database 186, subscriber list 188, and resource list 190. These information records may be further introduced and discussed in more detail throughout the disclosure of this invention.

10 Fig. 2a illustrates the steps performed for determining and notifying when a new resource is available. A program may be automatically executed upon booting an operating system of a network accessible device 110 to determine the number of files for a given directory in step 210 and waits in step 215 for a configured predetermined interval of zero or more seconds before determining in
15 step 220 the number of files for the same directory again. The predetermined interval may be retrieved from configuration settings 174. The program may then determine from the two most previously determined values in step 225 whether the number of files in the directory has changed. When the number of files have changed, then notification may be provided in step 230 to a configurable
20 predetermined user/subscriber or group of users/subscribers that the given directory has been modified. Subscriber information may be retrieved by consulting a subscriber list 188.

After notification (step 230) or when no files have changed (step 220), it may
25 then be determined in step 232 whether to continue program. If so, then the program may terminate otherwise steps (215, 220) may be repeated until it is determined that the number of files have changed. Included in the notification may be a link to retrieve the current content of the given directory on a computing system connected to a network. The method of notification is also
30 configurable as will be shown by the present invention. The present invention does not rely upon the network device 110 to be connected to the network 130.

The given directory may also be for any given directory within the file structure of the network device 110.

Fig. 2b illustrates how more specific notification may be provided as discussed in

5 Fig. 2a. A differencing resource method 180 may be retrieved and employed to determine whether the number of files has changed. When it is determined that the number of files have changed (step 225), it may be further determined in step 235 whether files have been added or deleted by comparing the two most recent values for the number of files. Notification may be provided by consulting
10 from a notification destination and method 182 to more specifically reflect this fact. When it is determined in step 225 that there are more files, notification may be provided in step 240 indicating that there are more files including a hyperlink to access the directory. When it is determined that there are less files, notification may then be provided in step 245 indicating that there are less files
15 including a hyperlink to access the directory. In either case, it may then be determined in step 232 whether to continue program.

Fig. 3a also illustrates the steps performed for determining and notifying when a new resource is available. A program may be automatically executed upon
20 booting an operating system of a network accessible device 110 and select in step 305 at least one directory for analysis. The date/time and directory size is stored in step 310, for each selected directory and waits in step 215 for a configured predetermined interval of zero or more seconds before determining in step 325 whether there is a change in the two most previously determined
25 date/time values. When the date/time values have changed for any of the selected directories, then notification may be provided in step 330 to a configurable predetermined user/subscriber or group of users/subscribers that the selected directory has been modified. Included in the notification is a link to access the current content of the given directory. After notification (step 330) or
30 when the date/time values have not changed (step 320), it may then be determined in step 232 whether to continue program. If so, then the program

may terminate otherwise steps (315, 320) may be repeated until it is determined that the date/time values have changed.

Fig. 3b illustrates steps of how more specific notification may be provided as discussed in Fig. 3a. A differencing resource method 180 may be retrieved and employed to determine whether date/time values have changed. When it is determined that the date/time values have changed (step 325), it may further be determined in step 335 whether files have been added or deleted by comparing directory size for each selected directory or by comparing the two most recent date/time values. Notification may be provided by consulting from a notification destination and method 182 to more specifically reflect this fact. When it is determined in step 335 that there are more files, notification may be provided in step 240 indicating that there are more files including a hyperlink to access the selected directory. When it is determined that there are less files, notification may be provided in step 245 indicating that there are less files including a hyperlink to access the selected directory.

Fig. 4 illustrates another aspect of how more specific notification may be provided. A program may be automatically executed upon booting the operating system of a network accessible device 110 to store the contents of a selected directory in a temp file in step 410 and wait in step 215 for a configured predetermined interval of zero or more seconds before storing the contents of the same selected directory in another temp file in step 420. The program may then determine in step 425 whether there is a difference between the two most recent temp files. When there is a difference then at least one hyperlink may be generated in step 430 based on extracting the difference between the two most recent temp files. Notification having the at least one hyperlink may then be provided in step 435 to a configurable predetermined user/subscriber or group of users/subscribers. After notification (step 435) or when the two most recent temp files are the same (step 420), it may then be determined in step 232 whether to continue program. If so, then the program may terminate otherwise

steps (215, 420) may be repeated until it is determined that there is a difference between the two most recent temp files.

Other aspects as shown in Fig. 2b, 3b may be combined with Fig. 4 to offer more variations of how this invention may be practiced. For example, notification may further provide whether the included links are new files added or recent files deleted. Also considered is the use of date/time values and file sizes to make the needed determinations illustrated in Fig. 4. For instance, rather than comparing the difference between two files, links of files included in the notification may be determined by generating links for all files that exceed a certain date/time value.

Fig. 5 illustrates how the steps of Fig. 2 and Fig. 4 may be combined to demonstrate another aspect of the present invention. A program may be automatically executed upon booting the operating system of a network accessible device 110 to store the content of a selected directory in a temp file in step 410, determine in step 210 the number of files for a selected directory and waits in step 215 for a configured predetermined interval before determining in step 220 the number of files for the selected directory again. It then may be determined in step 225 from the two most previously determined values, whether the number of files in the directory has changed. When the number of files have changed, the contents of the same selected directory may be stored in another temp file in step 420. At least one hyperlink may be generated in step 430 based on extracting the difference between the two most recent temp files.

Notification having the at least one hyperlink may then be provided in step 435 to a configurable predetermined user/subscriber or group of users/subscribers. After notification (step 230) or when no files have changed (step 220), it may then be determined in step 232 whether to continue program. If so, then the program may terminate otherwise steps (215, 220) may be repeated until it is determined that the number of files have changed.

An example of the periodical release of information is raw data published each Tuesday on the USPTO FTP server connected to the Internet. U.S. Patent 5,987,464 filed July 25, 1997, by Schneider entitled "Method and apparatus for periodically updating data records having an expiry time", explains how the

5 periodic release of information is prepared and processed. Figs. 6a-d depict how hyperlinks may be generated based on the difference in directory contents as discussed in Figs. 4-5. Fig. 6a illustrates the content of a selected directory on the USPTO FTP server. The files of the form "99weekXX.zip" represent raw front page data of newly issued USPTO patents that are released in print every

10 Tuesday at noon. It is clear from the date/time listing that there are variations from week to week of exactly when the new file is published. May it also be noted that the USPTO has fulfilled its mission of publishing such information and is under no obligation to compete with the private sector by adding more value such as setting up a notification service to subscribers to inform a subscriber as

15 to exactly when each new file is publicly released. It may be ascertained from the listing shown in Fig. 6a that the next expected file will be called "99week35.zip" and published sometime on Tuesday, August 31, 1999 by 10:06am or earlier or by 1:38pm or later.

20 Like Fig. 6a, Fig. 6b also depicts the content of a selected directory on the USPTO FTP server. It is clear that the content of the same directory listed in Fig. 6a has changed by listing that the file "99week35.zip" was published on Tuesday, August 31, 1999 at 10:32am. When the program as discussed in Fig. 4 or Fig. 5 is applied and stores the directory content (of Fig. 6a and Fig. 6b) as

25 temp files, the content may then be compared to yield a new temp file illustrated in Fig. 6c, which represents the difference between the two previous temp files. The program may then generate a web page of hyperlinks as shown in Fig. 6d that represent the file locations found from the difference file shown in Fig. 6c. The three new files, one of which is "99week35.zip" is provided to at least one

30 subscriber via a notification method such as e-mail or the like with the attached web page. A generalized message informing the subscriber of the specific

details of the notification may be listed including the date/time of the update and the attached file of hyperlinks to provide access or immediate retrieval of the published file eliminating the need for the subscriber to manually periodically check when the new file has been published.

5

Fig. 7a illustrates the interface for a subscriber to designate what directories and/or files may be monitored for notification. First, a server and directory path may be entered to determine where to find a new file or expected new URL.

This designation may be made more specific by further entering the expected
10 filename or URL. A publish interval may then be determined such as weekly, monthly, daily etc. Variations to user input may be to specify the interval of the periodical by entering a value per unit of time such as days, weeks, etc.

Included in such variations is to provide the static portion of the URL and how it may be concatenated with the component that is time and/or date sensitive to
15 eliminate specifying a new URL for each interval. Consider the example from Fig. 6a where a resource may be specified as follows:

URL = "ftp://ftp.uspto.gov/pub/pubdata/1999/99week"+weeknum+".zip"

20 Where weeknum is a specified variable with an initial value that increments for the specified interval. In this case, for each week (the publishing interval), weeknum has an initial value of "35" (denoting the 35th week of the year) and may be incremented by the value of "1" for each new publication released for each week. By doing so, the subscriber may submit a request only once and
25 receive periodic updates indefinitely.

Continuing with Fig. 7a, a start date and both start time and end time may be determined, followed by entering an end date including a start time and end time for the end date. A polling interval may then be specified by entering a value per
30 unit of time such as seconds, minutes, hours, etc. It is possible to omit both the end time of the start date and the start time of the end date to specify a

continuous interval that determines when the content of a selected directory has changed. By providing start/end date/time variables, resources are optimized and provide the best alternative for continuous monitoring or polling. A notification method and address may then be entered. Some methods for
5 notifying a subscriber may include e-mail, pager, fax, ICQ#, Instant Message, telephone, or any other known notification method that also includes a corresponding notification identifier based on the selected notification method.

When scheduling is confirmed by the program interface then input may be stored
10 accordingly in a database file to be used by the program when determining selected directories, etc. Fig. 7b illustrates the data structure of such a database (discussed more in Fig. 8). The data structure may include data for the server, path, filename, expected URL (not shown), publish interval, start day, end day, start time and end time (included for both start day and end day if necessary -
15 not shown), poll interval, notify method, and notify address.

Fig. 8 applies the different teachings as discussed from previous illustrations to provide an automated system for notifying subscribers of new resources. A program may be executed upon the boot of an operating system of a network
20 accessible device 110 to access in step 810 all configurable predetermined directories of subscriber requests from a database. The database may have a data structure (as illustrated in Fig. 7b) including server name, directory path, previous file count with timestamp, and temp filename, etc. Each data record represents at least one subscriber or user request. Data records may be
25 retrieved in step 830 until the last data record of the database is accessed in step 815 (equivalent to EOF). It may then be determined in step 820 whether the retrieval process is to continue by accessing in step 825 the first data record (creating a circular database).

30 For each data record retrieved in step 830, a temp file may then be created in step 835 including the filenames of the given directory. The number of files may

be determined in step 840 for the current directory. If there is a previous file count stored in the retrieved record then it may be determined whether the number of files has changed. However when there is no previous file count, the number of files for the current directory may be determined in step 220 again and then compared to determine whether the number of files have changed. If the number of files have changed, then the previous steps may be repeated until the last data record is reached and determined not to continue with the first data record, or when a change in the number of files have been detected. It is also understood that a variety of detection procedures may be applied (e.g., date/time change, file size change, etc.) as discussed in the previous drawings.

When there is a recorded change, a new temp file of filenames may be created in step 845 for the same directory. The new temp file and file count with timestamp, etc. may be stored in step 850 in the data record of the database. At least one hyperlink may be generated in step 430 based on extracting the difference between the two most recent temp files. Notification having the at least one hyperlink may then be provided in step 435 to a configurable predetermined user/subscriber or group of users/subscribers which is retrieved from the data record of the database. The previous steps may then be repeated until the last record is reached and it is determined not to continue with the first data record, or when another change in the number of files has been detected.

As discussed, the identifier may be a URI and the resource corresponding to the identifier may not exist or exist intermittently. There are times when sites are down due to maintenance, power outages, and the like where a distributed resource status cache 184 may be employed to provide notification of renewed resource accessibility. Updates may be propagated through a distributed system of hierarchical status caches 184 similar to that of how the DNS may be updated. These status caches 184 may be employed by notification service providers (NSPs) and the like for the purpose of minimizing network bandwidth.

Furthermore, an identifier generator 176 may be used as part of a hyperlink generation method to provide identifiers. A time access method 178 may be selected by retrieving, generating, and/or inputting a date/time. The time may be generated from the components of the identifier (e.g., identifier is a URI having a volume number and issue number as part of the URI). The time may be retrieved from user modifiable configuration settings 174 and/or by consulting a scheduling database 186. A resource access request (e.g., HTTP HEAD request) may be used along with a differencing resource method 180 such as comparing the difference from one of a plurality of file dates, file sizes, and number of files counts from a directory. Each resource may be selected from a resource list 190.

Fig. 9 is a flowchart illustrating the steps performed for notifying when at least one resource corresponding to an identifier may exist. An identifier may be received in step 910. When it is determined in step 915 that a resource corresponding to the identifier is accessible (e.g., provide resource access request), the resource may then be accessed in step 920. When the resource is not accessible, then it may be determined in step 925 whether an expected date/time range indicating when identifier may exist can be retrieved. When a date/time range cannot be retrieved, then it may be determined in step 930 whether an expected date/time range may be generated from the identifier. If so then a date/time range for the identifier may be generated in step 935. When the date/time range cannot be generated, then at least a start time may be provided in step 940 to determine existence of a resource corresponding to the identifier.

When a date/time range is retrieved, generated, or provided by consulting a time access method 178, then a delay interval to check for existence of a resource corresponding to the identifier may be determined in step 945. It may then be determined in step 950 whether to determine whether there a resource corresponding to the identifier may exist. If so, then it may be determined in step 955 whether the current date/time is within the date/time range of identifier to

make the determination as to whether the resource corresponding to the identifier exists. When the current date/time is within the date/time range and it is determined in step 915' that a resource corresponding to the identifier is accessible, the resource may then be accessed in step 920. When the resource
5 is not accessible, there may be a wait in step 215 for a configured predetermined interval of zero or more seconds and repeating step 955 until the resource is accessible or the current date/time is out of the date/time range.

Although the invention has been shown and described with respect to a certain
10 preferred aspect or aspects, it is obvious that equivalent alterations and modifications will occur to others skilled in the art upon the reading and understanding of this specification and the annexed drawings. In particular regard to the various functions performed by the above described items referred to by numerals (components, assemblies, devices, compositions, etc.), the terms
15 (including a reference to a "means") used to describe such items are intended to correspond, unless otherwise indicated, to any item which performs the specified function of the described item (e.g., that is functionally equivalent), even though not structurally equivalent to the disclosed structure which performs the function in the herein illustrated exemplary aspect or aspects of the invention. In
20 addition, while a particular feature of the invention may have been described above with respect to only one of several illustrated aspects, such feature may be combined with one or more other features of the other aspects, as may be desired and advantageous for any given or particular application.

25 The description herein with reference to the figures will be understood to describe the present invention in sufficient detail to enable one skilled in the art to utilize the present invention in a variety of applications and devices. It will be readily apparent that various changes and modifications could be made therein without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as defined in the
30 following claims.

I claim:

1. A method for notifying when an inaccessible resource corresponding to an identifier becomes accessible comprising the steps of:

5 determining a starting time;
 determining whether a current time exceeds said starting time;
 intermittently determining whether the resource corresponding to the
identifier is accessible until a condition is performed in response to determining
that said current time exceeds said starting time; and,
10 providing notification including an access means for accessing the
resource in response to determining that the resource corresponding to the
identifier is accessible.

2. A method, as set forth in claim 1, wherein the resource corresponding to
15 the identifier does not exist.

3. A method, as set forth in claim 1, wherein said step of determining said
starting time further includes the step of selecting a time access method from
one of a retrieval method, generation method, and input method.

20 4. A method, as set forth in claim 3, wherein said generation method further
includes the step of generating said starting time from the identifier.

5. A method, as set forth in claim 3, wherein said retrieval method further
25 includes the step of retrieving said starting time from user modifiable
configuration settings.

6. A method, as set forth in claim 1, wherein said step of determining
whether the resource corresponding to the identifier is accessible further
30 includes the step of transmitting a resource access request to said resource.

7. A method, as set forth in claim 6, wherein said resource access request includes a differencing resource method.

8. A method, as set forth in claim 7, wherein said differencing resource
5 method further includes the step of comparing the difference from one of a plurality of file dates, file sizes, and number of files counts from a directory.

9. A method, as set forth in claim 7, wherein said access means for
accessing the resource further includes the step of selecting said access means
10 from one of a hyperlink access and automatic access.

10. A method, as set forth in claim 9, wherein said hyperlink access further
includes the step of selecting said hyperlink from one of a hyperlink
determination method, hyperlink retrieval method, and hyperlink generation
15 method.

11. A method, as set forth in claim 10, wherein said hyperlink determination
method further includes the steps of selecting said differencing resource method,
generating at least one hyperlink corresponding to the accessible resource from
20 said differencing resource method selection, and providing said notification
having said hyperlink.

12. A method, as set forth in claim 11, wherein said step of providing said
notification further includes the step of selecting a notification method
25 corresponding to a subscriber.

13. A method, as set forth in claim 12, wherein said step of selecting said
notification method further includes the step of selecting a notification destination
from one of a pager, e-mail, web page, television, phone, fax, instant message,
30 and conferencing.

14. A method, as set forth in claim 1, wherein the resource corresponding to the identifier is intermittently accessible.

15. A method, as set forth in claim 1, wherein the identifier is at least one
5 uniform resource identifier.

16. An apparatus for notifying when an inaccessible resource corresponding to an identifier becomes accessible comprising:

a processor;
10 a memory in operative association with said processor;
means for retrieving content from a computer network;
means for determining a starting time;
means for determining whether a current time exceeds said starting time;
means for intermittently determining whether the resource corresponding
15 to the identifier is accessible until a condition is performed in response to
determining that said current time exceeds said starting time; and,
means for providing notification including an access means for accessing
the resource in response to determining that the resource corresponding to the
identifier is accessible.

20
17. A computer program product for notifying when an inaccessible resource
corresponding to an identifier becomes accessible comprising:
means for retrieving content from a computer network;
means for retrieving content from a computer network;
25 means for determining a starting time;
means for determining whether a current time exceeds said starting time;
means for intermittently determining whether the resource corresponding
to the identifier is accessible until a condition is performed in response to
determining that said current time exceeds said starting time; and,

means for providing notification including an access means for accessing the resource in response to determining that the resource corresponding to the identifier is accessible.

2025-10-10 10:10:10

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

When it is determined that a resource corresponding to the identifier is accessible, the resource may then be accessed. When the resource is not accessible, then it may be determined whether an expected date/time range
5 indicating when identifier may exist can be retrieved. When a date/time range cannot be retrieved, then it may be determined whether an expected date/time range may be generated from the identifier. If so, then a date/time range for the identifier may be generated. When the date/time range cannot be generated, then at least a start time may be provided to determine existence of a resource
10 corresponding to the identifier. When a date/time range is retrieved, generated, or provided then a delay interval to check for existence of a resource corresponding to the identifier may be determined. It may then be determined whether to determine whether there a resource corresponding to the identifier may exist. If so, then it may be determined whether the current date/time is
15 within the date/time range of identifier to make the determination as to whether the resource corresponding to the identifier exists. When the current date/time is within the date/time range and it is determined that a resource corresponding to the identifier is accessible, the resource may then be accessed.

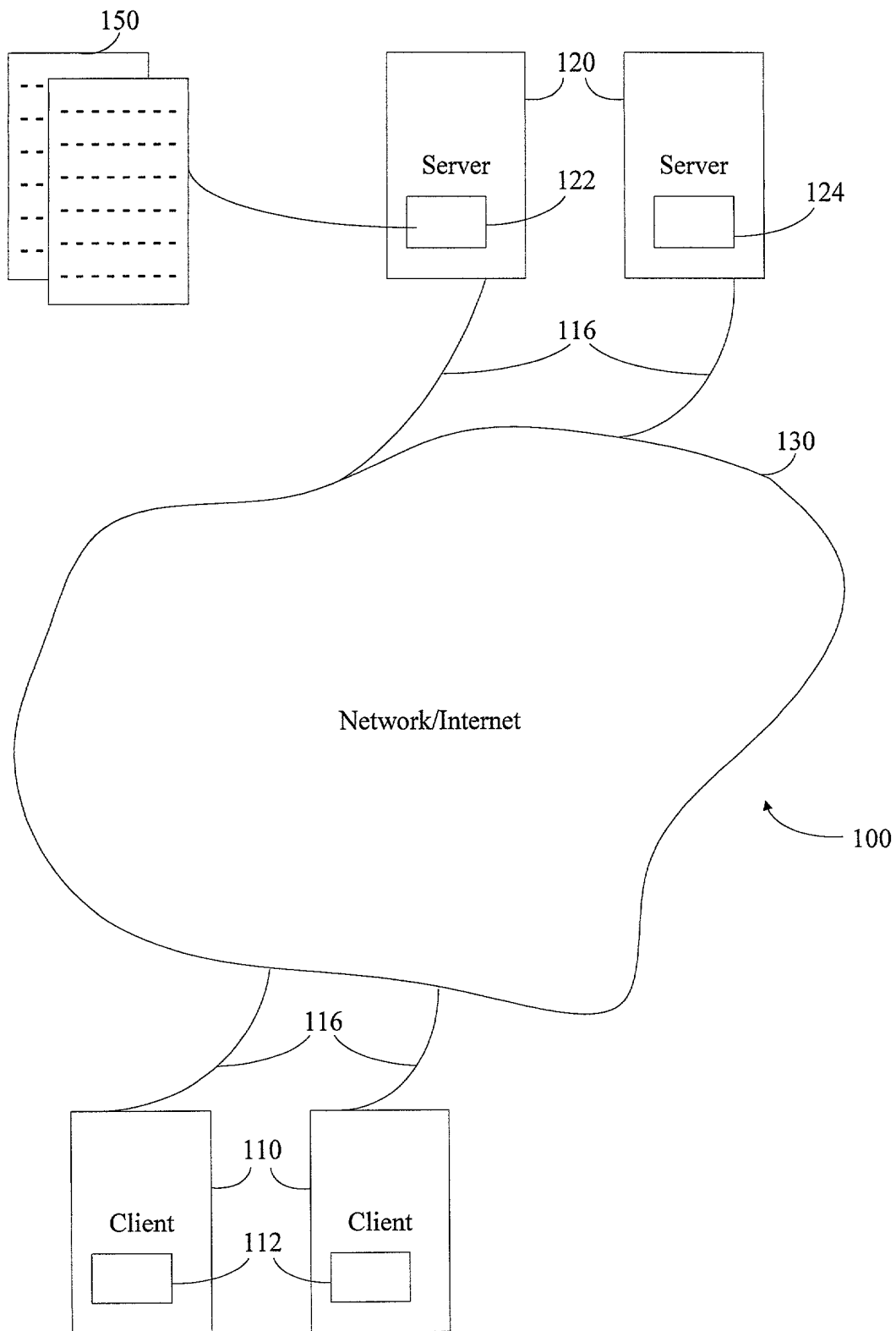


Fig. 1a

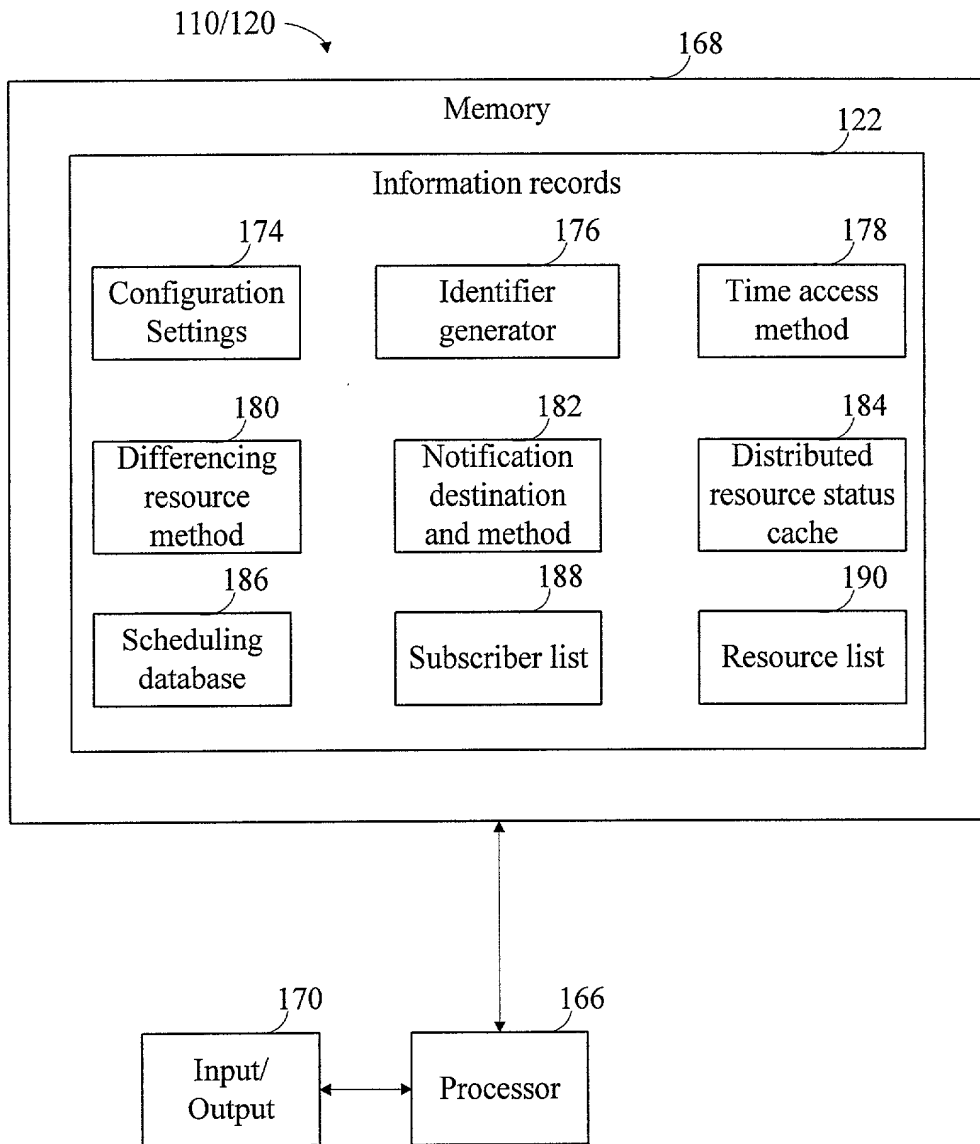


Fig. 1b

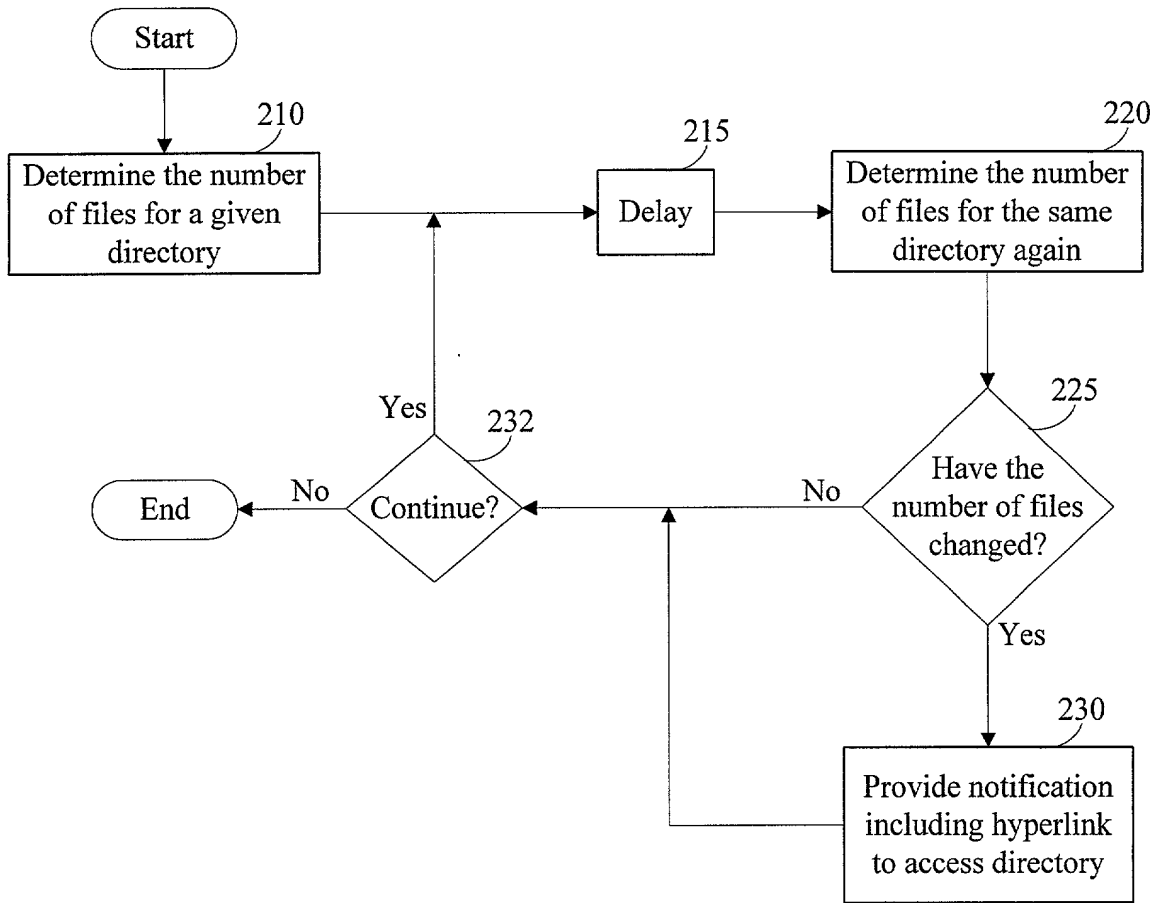


Fig. 2a

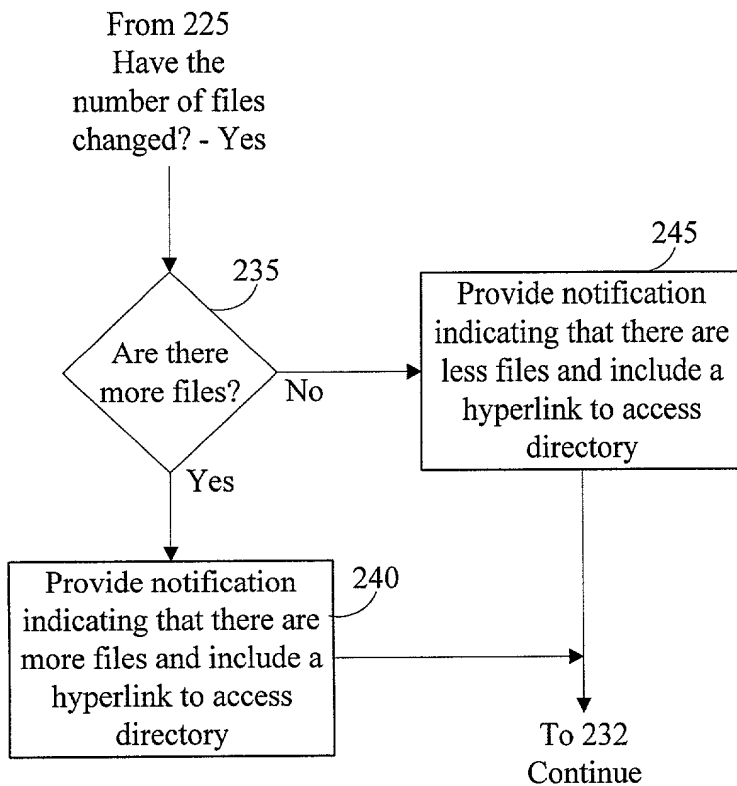


Fig. 2b

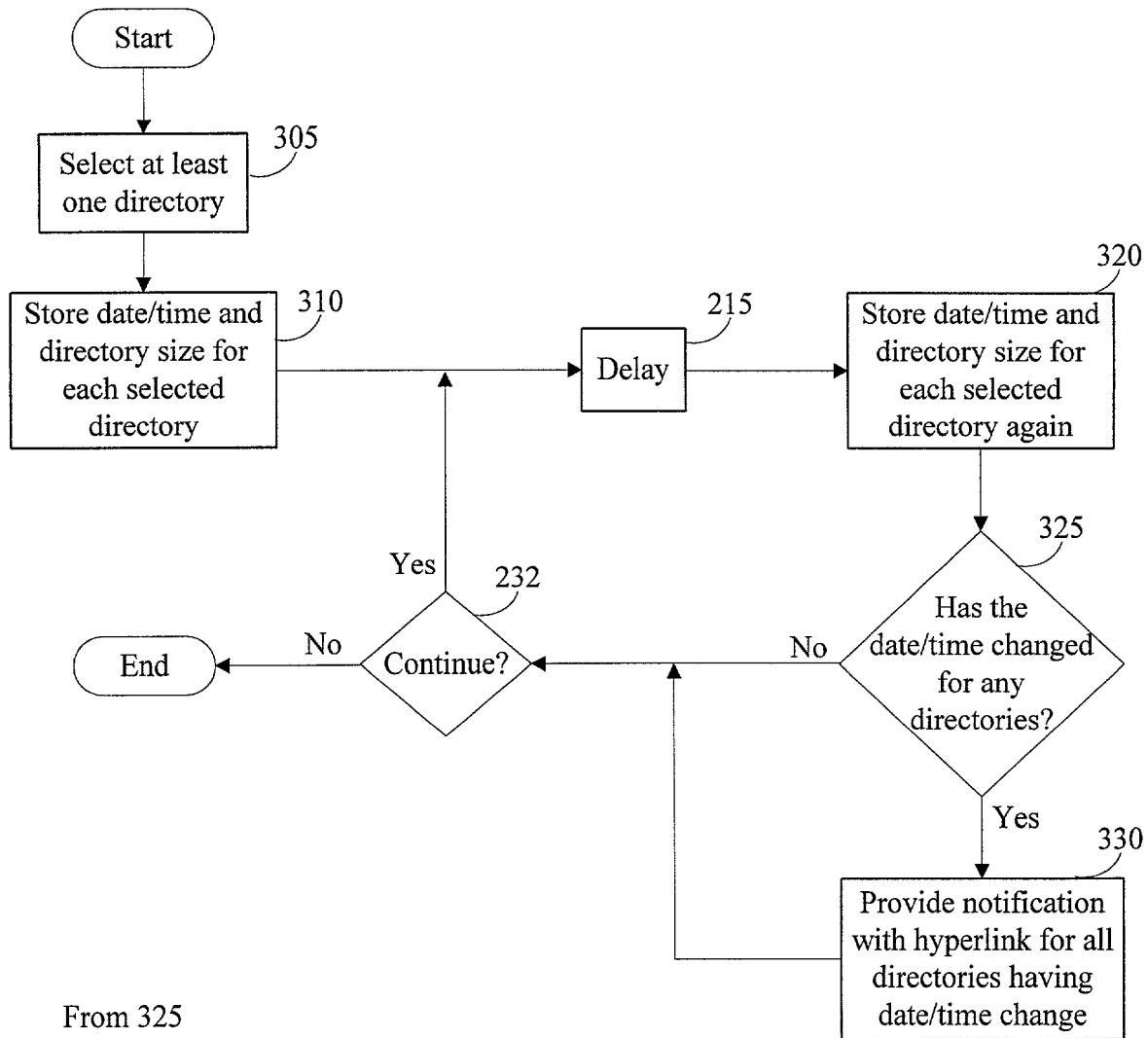


Fig. 3a

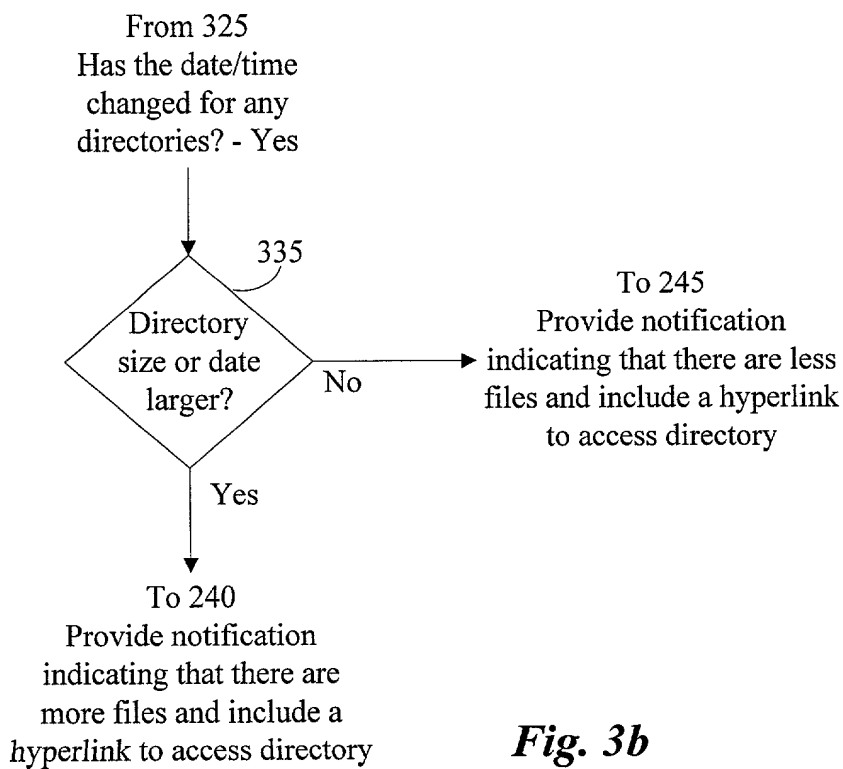


Fig. 3b

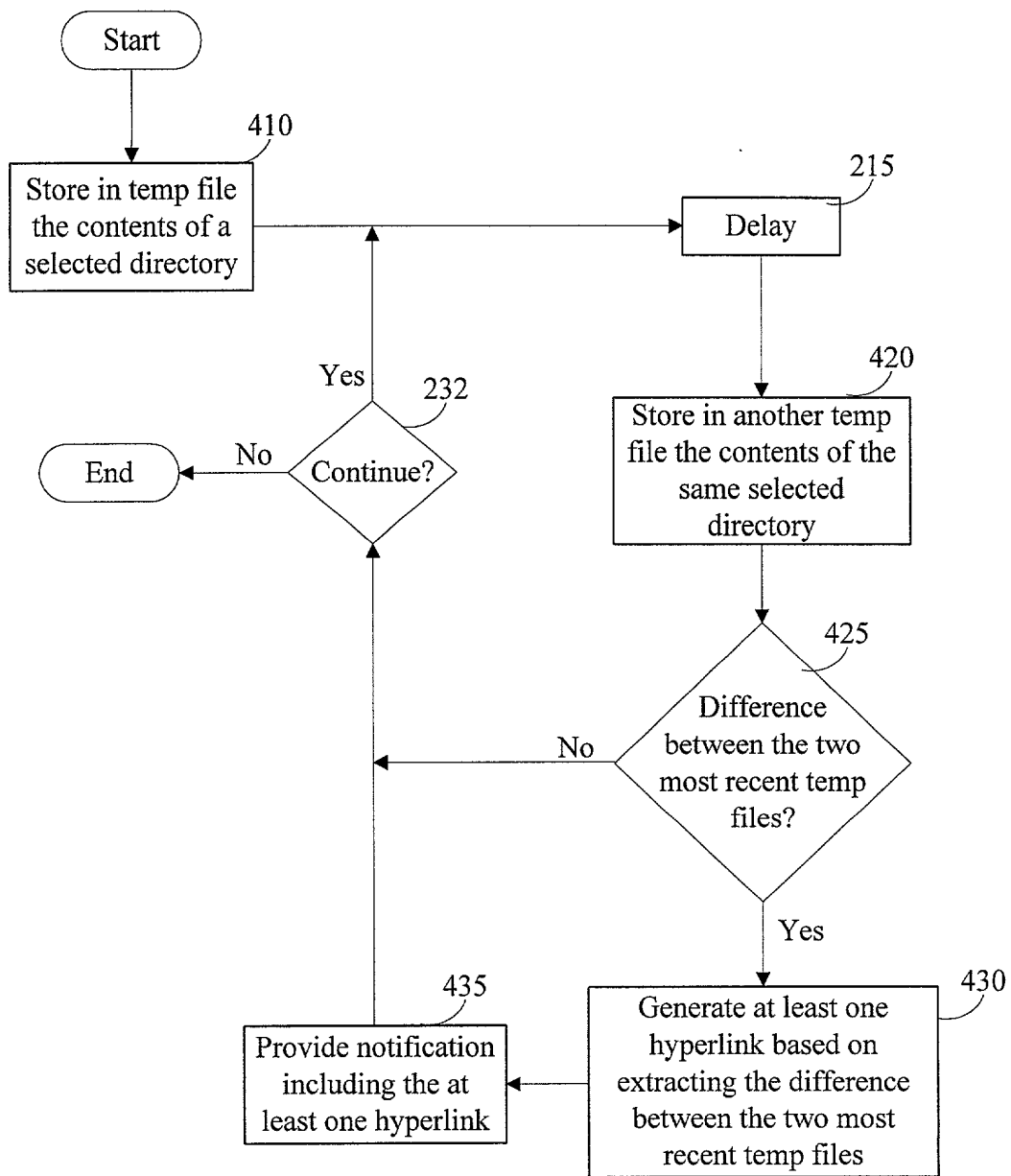


Fig. 4

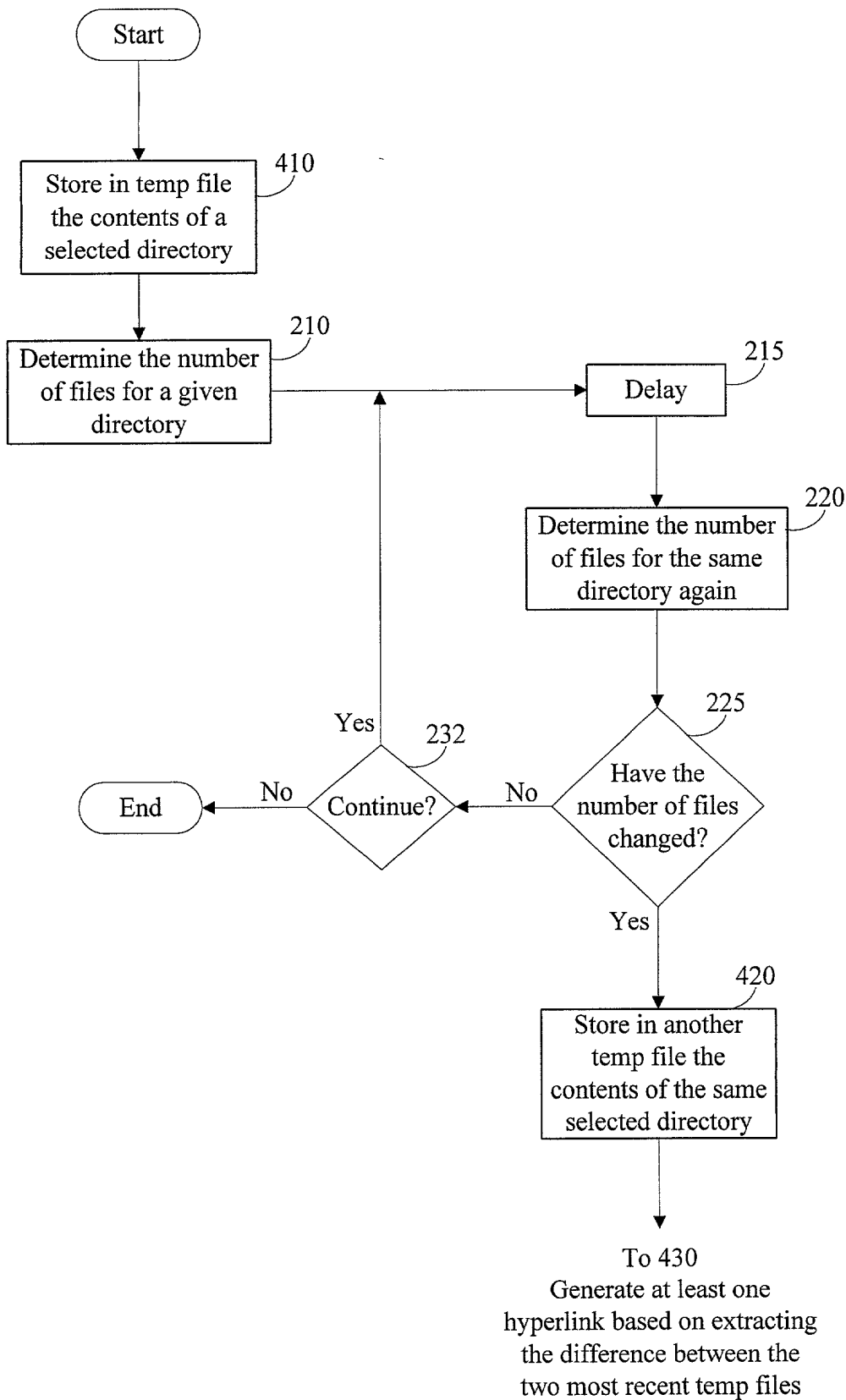


Fig. 5

Server: ftp.uspto.gov			Path: /pub/pubdata/1999		
			File Size	Date/Time	Filename
-rw-r--r--	1 101	80	1841	Aug 10 10:06	99week32.rpt
-rw-r--r--	1 101	80	29720	Aug 10 10:06	99week32.txt
-rw-r--r--	1 101	80	3883543	Aug 10 10:06	99week32.zip
-rw-r--r--	1 101	80	1199	Aug 17 11:45	99week33.rpt
-rw-r--r--	1 101	80	29440	Aug 17 11:45	99week33.txt
-rw-r--r--	1 101	80	378656	Aug 17 11:46	99week33.zip
-rw-r--r--	1 101	80	898	Aug 24 13:37	99week34.rpt
-rw-r--r--	1 101	80	24104	Aug 24 13:37	99week34.txt
-rw-r--r--	1 101	80	3128072	Aug 24 13:38	99week34.zip

Fig. 6a

Server: ftp.uspto.gov			Path: /pub/pubdata/1999		
			File Size	Date/Time	Filename
-rw-r--r--	1 101	80	1841	Aug 10 10:06	99week32.rpt
-rw-r--r--	1 101	80	29720	Aug 10 10:06	99week32.txt
-rw-r--r--	1 101	80	3883543	Aug 10 10:06	99week32.zip
-rw-r--r--	1 101	80	1199	Aug 17 11:45	99week33.rpt
-rw-r--r--	1 101	80	29440	Aug 17 11:45	99week33.txt
-rw-r--r--	1 101	80	378656	Aug 17 11:46	99week33.zip
-rw-r--r--	1 101	80	898	Aug 24 13:37	99week34.rpt
-rw-r--r--	1 101	80	24104	Aug 24 13:37	99week34.txt
-rw-r--r--	1 101	80	3128072	Aug 24 13:38	99week34.zip
-rw-r--r--	1 101	80	1216	Aug 31 10:31	99week35.rpt
-rw-r--r--	1 101	80	26104	Aug 31 10:31	99week35.txt
-rw-r--r--	1 101	80	3296516	Aug 31 10:32	99week35.zip

Fig. 6b

-rw-r--r--	1 101	80	1216	Aug 31 10:31	99week35.rpt
-rw-r--r--	1 101	80	26104	Aug 31 10:31	99week35.txt
-rw-r--r--	1 101	80	3296516	Aug 31 10:32	99week35.zip

Fig. 6c

```
<HTML><BODY><HR>
<A HREF="ftp://ftp.uspto.gov/pub/pubdata/1999/99week35.rpt">99week35.rpt</A><BR>
<A HREF="ftp://ftp.uspto.gov/pub/pubdata/1999/99week35.txt">99week35.txt</A><BR>
<A HREF="ftp://ftp.uspto.gov/pub/pubdata/1999/99week35.zip">99week35.zip</A><BR>
<HR></BODY></HTML>
```

Fig. 6d

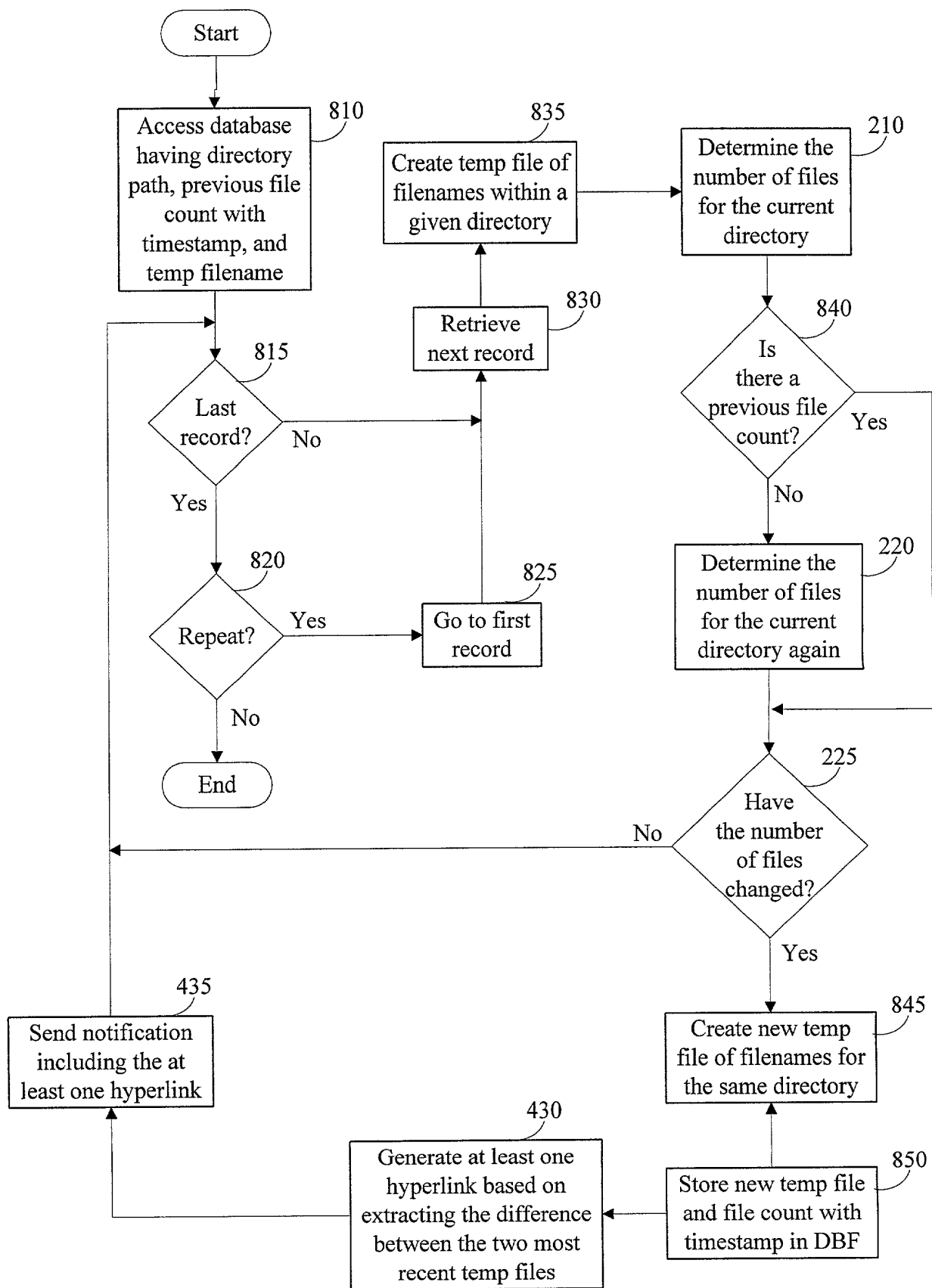



Fig. 8

Please type a plus sign (+) inside this box → 

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Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

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DECLARATION FOR UTILITY OR DESIGN PATENT APPLICATION (37 CFR 1.63)	Attorney Docket Number	
	First Named Inventor	Eric Schneider
	COMPLETE IF KNOWN	
	Application Number	
	Filing Date	9/15/2000
	Group Art Unit	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Declaration Submitted with Initial Filing	OR	<input type="checkbox"/> Declaration Submitted after Initial Filing (surcharge (37 CFR 1.16 (e)) required)
	Examiner Name	

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address, and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

Method, product, and apparatus for resource notification

the specification of which (Title of the Invention)

☒ is attached hereto
OR
☐ was filed on (MM/DD/YYYY) as United States Application Number or PCT International Application Number and was amended on (MM/DD/YYYY) (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment specifically referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d) or 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or 365(a) of any PCT international application which designated at least one country other than the United States of America, listed below and have also identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or of any PCT international application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

Prior Foreign Application Number(s)	Country	Foreign Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	Priority Not Claimed	Certified Copy Attached?	
				YES	NO
			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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☐ Additional foreign application numbers are listed on a supplemental priority data sheet PTO/SB/02B attached hereto:

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

Application Number(s)	Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	
60/154,411	09/17/1999	<input type="checkbox"/> Additional provisional application numbers are listed on a supplemental priority data sheet PTO/SB/02B attached hereto.

[Page 1 of 2]

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U.S. Parent Application or PCT Parent Number	Parent Filing Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	Parent Patent Number (if applicable)
09 / 440,606	11/15/1999	
08 / 900,437	7/25/1997	5987464

☐ Additional U.S. or PCT international application numbers are listed on a supplemental priority data sheet PTO/SB/02B attached hereto.

As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following registered practitioner(s) to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith:

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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under 18 U.S.C. 1001 and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Name of Sole or First Inventor: ☐ A petition has been filed for this unsigned inventor

Given Name (first and middle (if any))	Family Name or Surname
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				Country	USA

☐ Additional inventors are being named on the supplemental Additional Inventor(s) sheet(s) PTO/SB/02A attached hereto